



Multiple Sclerosis Epidemiology in Ayrshire & Arran 2008-2013: Data from Primary Care Records





Methodology

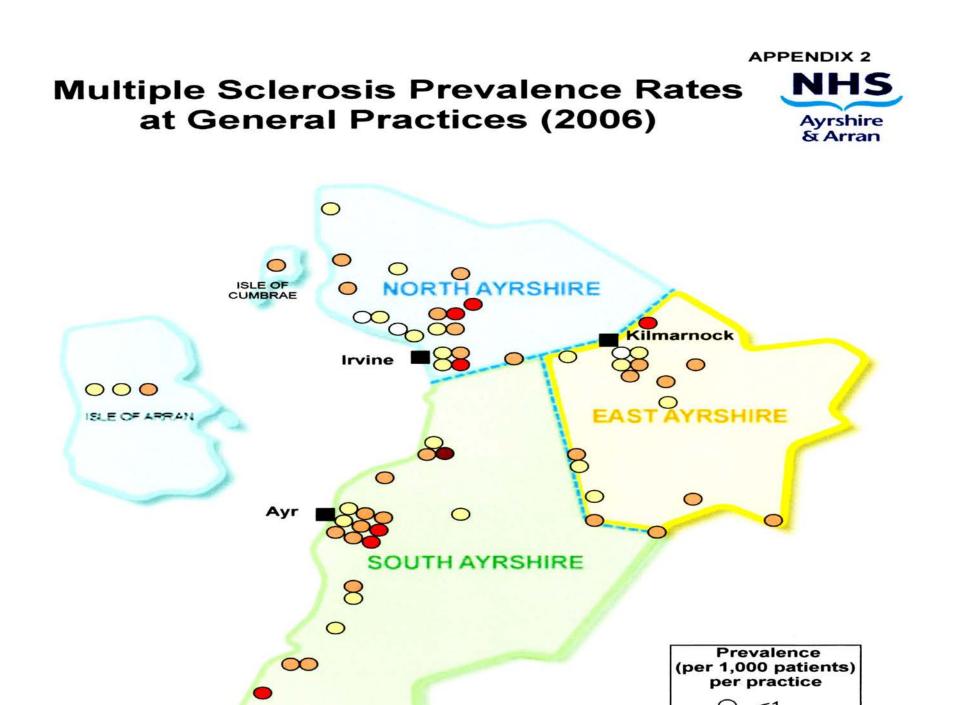
- Data extraction tool developed by Health Board Clinical Effectiveness department
- READ codes used to identify patients with diagnosis of MS
- All 59 practices gave permission and data extraction was complete for all primary care practices in A&A





Information Obtained

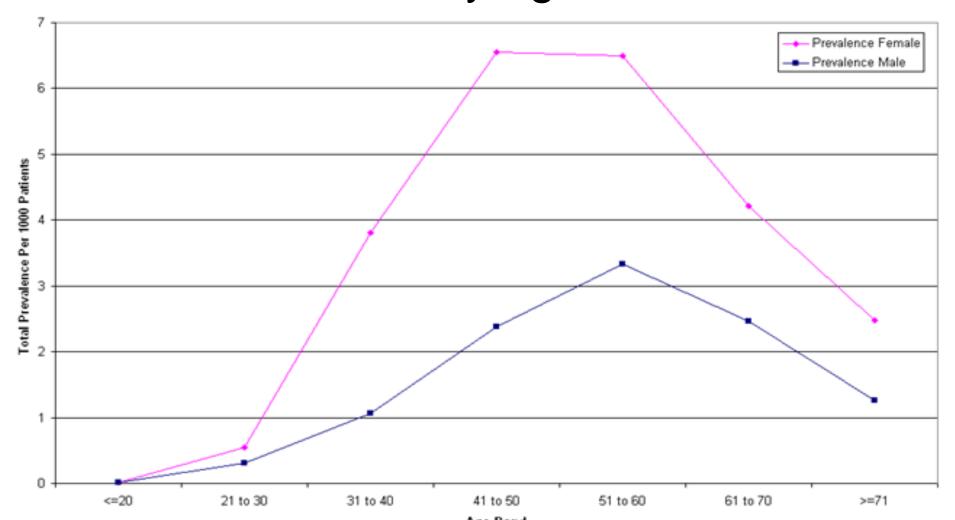
- Practice population
- Practice locality
- Total patients with MS
- Age of patients with MS
- Date of Diagnosis
- Sex of patients with MS







Prevalence by age and sex







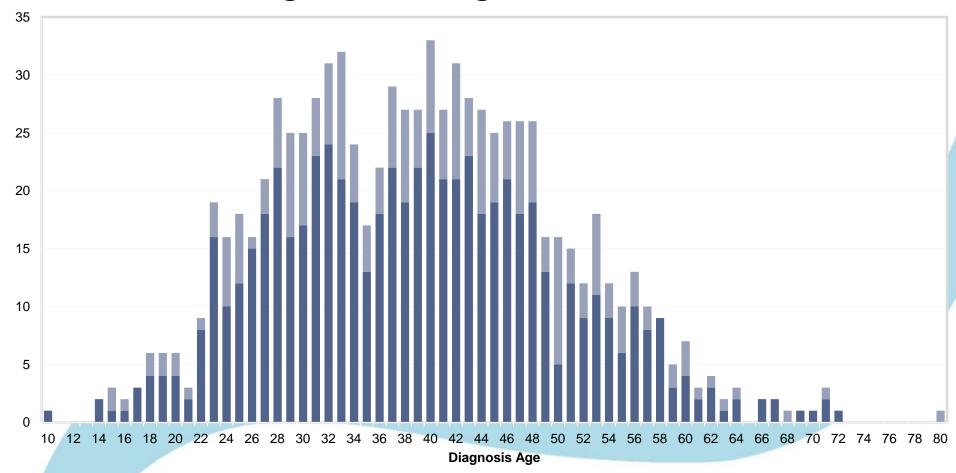
Total Prevalence by Age Band and Sex

Age Band	Prevalence Female	Prevalence Male
<=20	0.02	0.02
<=20	0.02	0.02
21 to 30	0.55	0.31
31 to 40	3.81	1.07
41 to 50	6.55	2.38
51 to 60	6.5	3.33
61 to 70	4.22	2.46
>=71	2.48	1.26





Age at Diagnosis (2013)







Change in Prevalence 2008-2013

- 2008 overall prevalence 235/100,000
- 2013 overall prevalence 269/100,000
- 2013 168 patients (126 women 42 men) aged >65





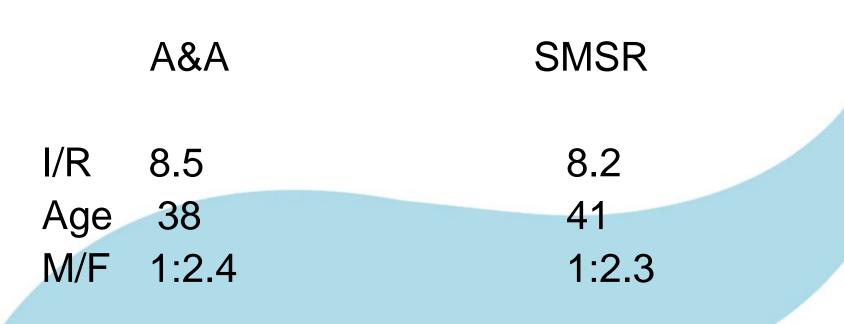
Incidence rates extrapolated from date of diagnosis

- 2002-2007 mean of 46 new diagnoses per year = 12.2/100,000
- 2008-2013 mean of 32 new diagnoses per year = 8.5/100,000





Primary Care v National Register Data







Lanarkshire Project

- Similar methodology to A&A
- Currently in data collection
- Allow direct comparison with data collected by SMSR





Caveats

- GP data may also be incomplete
- Coding Errors
- Date of diagnosis may be entered inaccurately





"Oh Scotia! my dear, my native soil! For whom my warmest wish to heaven is sent; Long may thy hardy sons of rustic toil Be blest with health, and peace, and sweet content"

The Cotters Saturday Night, Robert Burns